

Upgrade ur Career



Seekho Bigdata Institute





Big data: where information meets opportunity

Hadoop & HDFS

MAPREDUE & SQOOP

Shell Scripting

MySQL

Hive

Scala

Python

Scala Spark

Pyspark

DataStructures

Algorithms

10

AWS

Projects

12

Interview Preparation



SYLLABUS **HANDOUT**



[A	
	1	► Module -1:- Introduction Bigdata
		What is Bigdata?
		What are 5 V's of Bigdata?
		What are Monolithic Systems?
		What are Distributed Systems?
ļ		Evolution of Hadoop How Hadoop has been accepted as solution
		for bigdata?
		NO.
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	†	- HDFS
		What is HDFS?
		What is a Block and Block Size?
		Fixed Size vs. Variable Size Block
		How to Tweak Block Size
		Using Fixed and Variable Block Size
		What is Meant by Node?
		What is a Cluster?
		What is Resource?
		Namenode
		Datanode
		HDFS Architecture
		Datanode Failure Management





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Reasons For DataNode Failure
Heart-Beat Mechanism
Replication Mechanism
Properties to Check: Heartbeat Mechanism and Replication
NameNode Failure Management
Reasons for NameNode Failure
What is Zookeeper?
Secondary NameNode
FS Image and Edit Logs
Checkpointing
Fault Tolerance
What is a Split-Brain Scenario?
What is Fencing?
Command to Kill SNN
Property for Checkpointing
Checkpointing Frequency
♦ SECURİTY FOR HDFS
SECURITY FOR DATA STORED IN HDFS
What is the Kerberos Authentication Mechanism in HDFS?
What is keyTab in HDFS?
What is the Knit Command?
What is Pbrun?





HOW CORRUPTED RECORDS IN HDFS HOW CORRUPTED RECORDS ARE KNOWN
How Data Can Be Corrupted How to Identify Corrupted Records in HDFS What is Checksum What is the FSCK Command What is the Resolution Technique for Data Corrup
→ LİNUX COMMANDS
Ls Command and its Flavours Cat Command and its Flavours mkdir command and its flavors rm command and its flavors mv command and its flavors cp command and its flavors tail command grep command and its flavors find command and its flavors
→ Vİ EDİTORCOMMANDS
View a filename: vi Insert mode: i Save when updated: :w Quit: :q! Update, save, and quit: :wq!



→ FILE PERMISSION COMMAND
What are read permission What is Write Permission What is Execute Permission owner && group and others HDFS Commands && Practicals Scenario Based Questions
→ MODULE-2 :-MR AND SQOOP
What is MapReduce? What are Mappers? What is Reducer? How MapReduce Works What is RecordReader? What is Combiner? What is Shuffling? What is Sorting? Limitations of MapReduce
→ SQOOP
What is Sqoop? What is JDBC Driver in Sqoop? List-databases Argument

List-Tables Argument

Import Argument

Importing Selected Columns
Increasing Parallelism
num-Mappers
Split-by Argument
Null-Non-String
Null-String Export Argument
Staging in Sqoop
Query Argument
How to Decide Mappers
How to Include Tables
 Query Argument How to Decide Mappers How to Include Tables How to Exclude Tables
Outliers
Incremental Loading in Sqoop
Append Mode
Last Modified Mode
Direct Argument
Scenario-Based Questions
50
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Direct Argument Scenario-Based Questions
A-



MODULE-3:- SHELL SCRIPTING	
Echo	
readonly	
arrays	
string Arithmetic Operations Loops For Loop While Loop Functions Building Scripts Building Sqoop Scripts Hive Scripts Cron Tab Orchestrating Scripts AWK	
Arithmetic Operations	10
Loops	X.V
For Loop	Dy
While Loop	xO`
Functions	HI)
Building Scripts	
Building Sqoop Scripts	
Hive Scripts	
Cron Tab	
Orchestrating Scripts	
AWK	
SED	
Practical Lab: Building 50+ Scripts	
Kiriks	
♦ MODULE-4:-MYSQL	
CREATE	
ALTER	
DELETE	
DROP	
TRUNCATE	
GROUP BY	
Having	Y

CASE and WHEN
Window Functions
RANK/DENSE RANK/ROW NUMBER
Null Handling
Joins (2, 3, 4 Table Joins)
Self Join
MIN
MAX
AVG
Date Functions Joins (2, 3, 4 Table Joins) Self Join MIN MAX AVG COUNT SLIM
SUM
String Functions
CTE Expressions
Lab Practical: 100 Assignment Questions
→ MODULE -5:- HİVE
What is a Data Warehouse?
What is the difference between OLTP and OLAP?
What is Hive?
How is schema and data stored in Hive?
Internal/Managed Tables
External Tables
Primary Data Types in Hive
Complex Data Types in Hive
Array and Its Functions Map and Its Functions
Map and Its Functions Struct and Its Functions

Different Ways of Inserting Data Vectorization MSCK Repair Views	
♦ OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES IN HIVE	of Ito
Partitioning in Hive	87
Static vs. Dynamic Partitioning	Ö
Bucketing	
How to Calculate Number of Buckets	
Map-Side Join	
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Sort-Merge Bucket Join	
Window Functions	
RANK()	
Dense Rank() and Row Number()	
Lead and Lag	
Problems on Lead and Lag and SCD Types	
Compression Techniques	
Miscellaneous Concepts	
Scenario-Based Questions	
Practicals on Every Topic	
Practicals on Every Topic	



♦ MODULE-6 SCALA
Data Types in Scala
Conditional Statements in Scala
Loops in Scala
Data Structures in Scala
Arrays
Мар
Set
Range
Arrays Map Set Range List Tuple
Tuple
Higher-Order Functions Anonymous Functions Closures Null, Nil, Nothing, None, Unit 50+ Practical Problems
♦ SCALA-OOPS
Class and Object
Constructor
Polymorphism
Encapsulation
Abstract Class

Access Modifiers	
Design Patterns in Scala	
Traits	
Diamond Problem	
Case Classes	
Method Overloading & Overriding	
Singleton Object	
Companion Classes	10
40-50 Practical Problems	Ji lio
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	XO.
A MODULE 7 DVTUON	
♦ MODULE-7 PYTHON	illite Prit
Variables and Data Types	
Control Structures and Loops	
Operators	
Exception Handling	
Python Built-in Functions	
Lists	
Tuples	
Sets	
Dictionaries	
Classes	
Objects	
Inheritance	
Encapsulation	
Polymorphism	
Opening Files	Å
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Prime Number	
Reverse a Number	
Palindrome	
Square Root of a Number	
Divisibility Rules	
Missing Number	
Writing Files	6,
Closing Files	
Exception Handling	1
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NumPy Pandas	
Reading Files Writing Files Closing Files Exception Handling NumPy Pandas	
♦ MODULE-8 PY-SPARK && SCALA SPARK	
What Is Apache Spark?	_
What Is RDD?	
MapReduce Vs Apache Spark	
How Data Is Stored In Spark	
What Is Immutability Of RDD?	
What Is Resilient Distributed Dataset (RDD)?	
Spark Session	
Spark Context	
Parallelize()	
Read CSV, TextFile	
Lazy Lvatuation	
Lazy Evaluation What is DAG?	
What is DAG?	A

Fault Tolerance
Lineage
map()
filter()
reduce vs reduceByKey
groupByKey vs reduceByKey
repartition & coalesce
sortByKey()
flatMap()
split
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Joins in RDD
contains()
parallelize
repartition & coalesce sortByKey() flatMap() split mean() Joins in RDD contains() parallelize Spark Architecture Broadcast Variables
Broadcast Variables
Accumulators
Problems on RDD
60-70 Practical Problems
♦ DATAFRAMES
DataFrames
Datasets
DataFrame vs Dataset
Reader API
Read Modes
Writer API
Write Modes
Infer Schema

Explicit Schema
Data Types in Spark
Conditional Statements in Spark
When and Otherwise
Filter
String Manipulation Functions
Aggregations
○ Count()
Count()Min()
Avg()
∘ Sum
 Min() Avg() Sum GroupBy Aggregations Window Aggregations
Window Aggregations
Joins
 Different Kinds of Joins
Different Join Stratagies
Log4j Mechanism
Different Ways of Debugging
Lead and Lag Related Problems
Spark-SQL Date Manipulation Functions
Practicals on Every Concept
Benchmarking to understand Performance
String Manipulation Functions
Number Manipulation Functions
Data Validation
400+ Wide Variety of Problems



→ OPTIMIZATIONS
Serialization API Selection
Using Broadcast Variables
Cache and Persist
ByKey Operation
Predicate Pushdown
Broadcast Join
Partition and Bucket
Garbage Collection Tuning
Level of Parallelism
Garbage Collection Tuning Level of Parallelism SPARK-ISSUES Out Of Memory Exceptions Missing
Out Of Memory
Exceptions Missing
Data Data Skewness
Spark Job Repeatedly Fails
Inferschema Issue
Slow Performance Issues
Memory Contention
Disk Contention
Broadcasting Large Data
Serialization Issue
Version Incompatibility Issue
Cluster Instability Issues
Small File Issue
Result Exceeds Driver Memory
Too Small And Large Partitions

♦ SPARK- DEPLOYEMENT
Build Tools
SBT Build Tool
Gradle Build Tool
Maven Build Tool
JFrog
JIRA Tool
Bitbucket
GitHub
Git Commands
How to build a Jar
Spark-submit
→ DATA- QUALITYCHECKS
Check for duplicates
Check for unique values in columns
Check for missing values
Find outliers
Schema validation
Correlations
Cross-field validation
Dependency check
Text pattern analysis
Categorical value distributions

MODULE -9 AWS

♦AWS S3 BASICS



What is Aws?
Aws GUI Walkthrough ?
What is Region?
What is edge Location?
What is Availability Zone and Local Zone?
What is Multiregion Concept?
What are Global and Region specific services in Aws?
- AWS STORAGE
- Gill
What is S3 and how is data stored?
The Shared Responsibility Model and Security
Storage Tiers and Pricing
Getting Data Into and Out of S3
Create and Secure your AWS Account
Upload Files to Buckets Using the AWS Console
Move, Copy, Download, and Delete Files
Classifying Your Buckets and Objects with Tags
Lifecycle Management
Retrieving Objects from Glacier
Making Buckets or Objects Public with ACLs
Using a Bucket Policy to Grant Public Access
Using a Bucket Policy to Grant Access to Objects in a Bucket
Using a Bucket Policy to Restrict Access Based on an Object Tag
How to Enable Versioning and Encryption
How to Set Up Cross Region Replication for Further Redundancy

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AWS IAM



1.	Intro	duction	to	AWS	IAM
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I. Introduction to Avvo IAW
What is AWS IAM?
Core concepts (users, groups, roles, policies)
Benefits of using IAM for access management
2. IAM Users Creating and managing IAM users User credentials (passwords, access keys) Best practices for managing user permissions
3.IAM Groups
Creating and managing IAM groups
Adding users to groups
Group-level permissions and policies
4. IAM Roles What are IAM roles? Creating and managing roles Role-based access control (RBAC) Using roles with AWS services (e.g., EC2, Lambda)
5. IAM Policies
What are IAM policies? AWS-managed policies vs. customer-managed policies Policy structure (JSON) Writing and attaching policies Policy evaluation logic



6. AWS-Ma	naged	Policies
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Overview of AWS-man	aged poli	cies Con	nmon	
AWS-managed po	licies	(e.g.,	Administrato	rAccess,
ReadOnlyAccess)				>
Best practices for usin	g AWS-m	anaged p	oolicies	's'C
Customizing AWS-mar	naged poli	icies	The	,
7. Custom Policies			10	
Creating custom IA	M policie	es Polic	y elements	(actions,
resources, conditions		10	0	
Using policy variables		XO.		
Testing and debugging	g custom	policies		
Best practices for cus	tom polic	ies		
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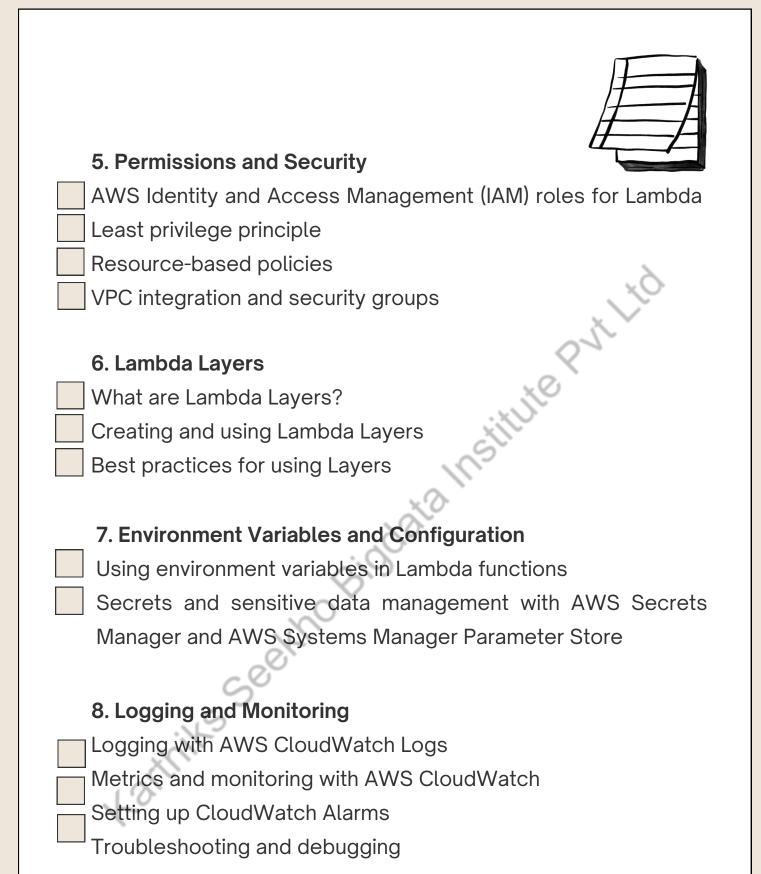
AWS LAMBDA



1.	Introduction to AWS Lambda
W	hat is AWS Lambda?
Us	se cases for serverless computing
Ве	enefits of using AWS Lambda
	10
2.	. Lambda Functions
C	reating Lambda functions
Lá	ambda function lifecycle
M M	riting your first Lambda function
Lá	ambda function configuration (memory, timeout, environment
Vá	ariables)
	Ya.
3.	. Event Sources
U	nderstanding event-driven architecture Integrating
Lá	ambda with various AWS services (e.g., S3, DynamoDB, SNS,
S	QS, API Gateway)
С	ustom event sources
	·KS
4.	. AWS Lambda Triggers
L C	onfiguring triggers for Lambda functions Invoking
La	ambda functions synchronously and asynchronously

Handling retries and error handling









9. Error Handling and Retries
Built-in error handling mechanisms
Retry strategies and dead-letter queues (DLQ)
Custom error handling
10
10. Deployment and Versioning
Deploying Lambda functions using the AWS Management
Console, CLI, SDKs, and CI/CD pipelines
Versioning and aliases
Blue/Green deployments with aliases
No.
11. Performance Optimization
Best practices for optimizing Lambda function performance
Cold starts and warm starts
Provisioned concurrency
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12. Cost Management
X\\\
Understanding Lambda pricing
Cost optimization strategies
Monitoring and controlling Lambda usage costs



→ AWS EMR
EMR Basics
Cluster Management
Data Ingestion
Data Transformation
Data Loading Cluster Security
Cluster Security
Auto Scaling
Auto Scaling Cluster Optimization Spot Instances
Spot Instances
EMR Best Practices
Data Workflow Automation
Integration with Other AWS Services
Bills
→ AWS REDHSIFT
Data Warehousing Concepts
Amazon Redshift Architecture
Cluster Management
Data Loading
COPY Command
INSERT statement
AWS DMS
Data Distribution: KEY, EVEN, and ALL
Query Optimization
Data Encryption
Data Compression

AWS DYNAMODB



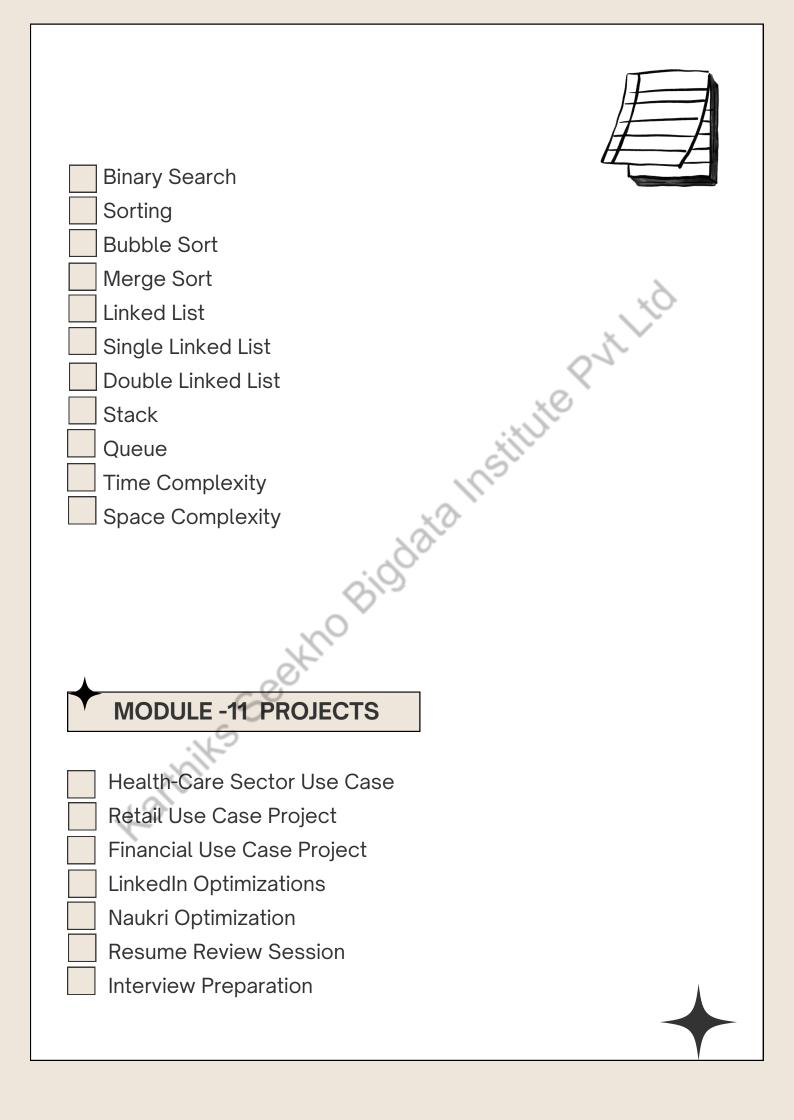
1. Introduction to Amazon DynamoDB
What is DynamoDB?
Use cases for DynamoDB
Key features and benefits
2. Core Concepts Tables, items, and attributes
Primary keys (partition keys and sort keys)
Secondary indexes (Global Secondary Indexes (GSI) and Local
Secondary Indexes (LSI))
DynamoDB Streams
98
3. Setting Up DynamoDB
Creating and managing tables
Understanding capacity modes (Provisioned vs. On-Demand)
Defining primary keys and indexes
Setting up DynamoDB Streams
4. Data Modeling
Designing efficient table schemas
Understanding single-table design
Using primary keys and secondary indexes effectively
Best practices for data modeling in DynamoDB



5. Reading and Writing Data
Using the DynamoDB API (PutItem, GetItem, UpdateItem, DeleteItem)
Batch operations (BatchGetItem, BatchWriteItem)
Querying and scanning tables
Understanding conditional operations
6. Indexes
Creating and managing Global Secondary Indexes (GSI)
Creating and managing Local Secondary Indexes (LSI)
Use cases and best practices for using indexes Querying data
with indexes
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→ AWS GLUE
What is Glue ?
Data Catalog
Crawlers Data Lake and Data Warehouse Integration
Data Brew Transformations Job Authoring & Development
Data Source Connectors
Target Connectors
Serverless Execution
Monitoring and Logging
Security and Data Encryption
Error Handling and Retry Mechanisms
Data Quality and Validation
Data Versioning
No Bilds
→ MODULE -10 DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS
Datatypes
Operators
Conditional Statements
Loops
Arrays
Strings
Searching
Linear Search



MODULE-12 :INTERVIEW PREPARATION Naukri Optimization Resume Preparation Linkedin Optimization Hive Revision with important Questions Spark Revision with important Questions Sql Revision with Important Questions Coding Revision with Important Questions 10 + coding tests Mcq Exams (15 exams) **Grooming Sessions** Physical Wriiten exams on every topic